## Extract for Race Category 2 Monohulls JANUARY 2018- DECEMBER 2019

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#### Because this is an extract not all paragraph numbers will be present

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Official interpretations shall take precedence over these Special Regulations and will be indexed, numbered, dated and displayed on the World Sailing web site www.sailing.org/specialregs

#### Language & Abbreviations Used

- Mo Monohull
- Mu Multihull

" \*\* " means the item applies to all types of boat in all Categories except 5 for which see Appendix B or 6 for which see Appendix C.

#### RED TYPE indicates significant changes in 2019

*Guidance notes and recommendations have been removed from the Regulations and are available on www.sailing.org/documents/offshorespecialregs/index.php* 

The use of the masculine gender shall be taken to mean either gender

### Administration

The Offshore Special Regulation are administered by the World Sailing Special Regulation Sub-Committee whose terms of reference are as follows: (www.sailing.org/regulations) World Sailing Regulation 6.9.8.3 - The Special Regulations Sub-Committee

shall: (a) be responsible for the maintenance, revision and changes to the World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations governing offshore racing, under licence from ORC Ltd. Such changes shall be biennial with revised editions published in January of each even year, except that matters of an urgent nature affecting safety may be dealt with by changes to the Regulations on a shorter time scale;

(b) monitor developments in offshore racing relative to the standards of safety and seaworthiness.

Any queries please E-Mail: technical@sailing.org

#### **SECTION 1 - FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS**

#### 1.01 Purpose and Use

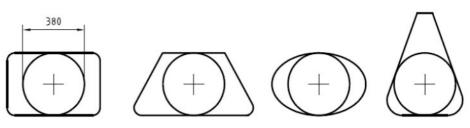
- \*\* 1.01.1 The purpose of the Offshore Special Regulations (OSR) is to establish uniform minimum equipment, accommodation and training standards for monohull and multihull (excluding proa) boats racing offshore.
   \*\* 1.01.2 The OSP do not replace, but rather supplement, the requirements of
- \*\* 1.01.2 The OSR do not replace, but rather supplement, the requirements of governmental authority, Classification Society certification, the Racing Rules of Sailing (RRS), Equipment Rules of Sailing(ERS), class rules and Rating Systems.
   \*\* 1.01.3 Use of the OSP does not guarantee total safety of the best and her crew
  - 1.01.3 Use of the OSR does not guarantee total safety of the boat and her crew. Particular attention is drawn to the description of OSRs for inshore racing which includes that adequate shelter and or effective rescue is available all

**	1.02 Res 1.02.1 Und a ra crev Cha thou app wea	along the course. This is not included in more onerous OSR categories. Responsibility of Person in Charge Under RRS 4 the responsibility for a boat's decision to participate in a race or continue racing is hers alone. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and inescapable responsibility of the Person in Charge who shall do his best to ensure that the boat is fully found, thoroughly seaworthy and manned by an experienced and appropriately trained crew who are physically fit to face bad weather. The person in charge shall also assign a person to take over his responsibilities in the event of his incapacitation.				
**	1.02.2 Neit	her the establishment of the OSR, nor their use by Organizing Authorities, the inspection of a boat under the OSR in any way limits or reduces the plete and unlimited responsibility of the Person in Charge.				
**	1.02.3 By p each orga incic	barticipating in a race conducted under the OSR, the person in charge, n competitor and boat owner agrees to reasonably cooperate with the anizing authority and World Sailing in the development of an independent dent report as specified in 2.02				
		initions, Abbreviations, Word Usage				
**		nitions of Terms used in this document				
	Abbreviation #	Description Pound force (lbf)				
	# ABS	American Bureau of Shipping				
	Age Date	Month/year of first launch				
	AIS	Automatic Identification Systems				
	CEN	Comité Européen de Normalisation				
	Coaming	The part of the cockpit, including the transverse after limit, over which				
		water would run when the boat is floating level and the cockpit is filled				
		to overflowing				
	COLREGS	International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea				
	Contained	A cockpit where the combined area open aft to the sea is less than				
	Cockpit CPR	50% maximum cockpit depth x maximum cockpit width				
	Crewmember	Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation Every person on board				
	DSC	Digital Selective Calling				
	EN	European Norm				
	EPIRB	Emergency Position-Indicating Radio Beacon				
	ERS	World Sailing - Equipment Rules of Sailing				
	FA Station	The transverse station at which the upper corner of the transom meets the sheerline.				
	First Launch	Month & year of first launch of the individual boat				
	Foul-Weather	Clothing designed to keep the wearer dry and may consist of one piece				
	Suit	or several Clabal Maritima Distance & Cafety System				
	GMDSS	Global Maritime Distress & Safety System				
	GNSS GPS	Global Navigation Satellite System Global Positioning System				
	Hatch	The term hatch includes the entire hatch assembly including the lid or cover as part of that assembly				
	HMPE	High Modulus Polyethylene (Dyneema®/Spectra® or equivalent)				
	IMO	International Maritime Organisation				
	IMSO	The International Mobile Satellite Organisation, the independent, intergovernmental organisation that oversees Inmarsat's performance of its Public Service Obligations for the GMDSS and reports on these to				
	INMARSAT	IMO Inmarsat Global Limited is the private company that provides GMDSS satellite distress and safety communications, plus general communications via voice fax and data				
	ISAF	communications via voice, fax and data International Sailing Federation- (now World Sailing)				
	ISO	International Standard Organization or International Organization for Standardization.				

	ITU Jackstay		International Telecommunications Union A securely fastened webbing or rope which permits a crewmember to
	suchedy		move from one part of the boat to another without having to unclip a
			safety harness tether.
	LH		Hull Length as defined by the ERS
	Lifeline		Rope or wire line rigged as guardrail / guardline around the deck
	lsa Lwl		IMO International Life-Saving Appliance Code (Length of) loaded waterline
	Monohull		A boat with one hull
	Moveable		Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or
	Ballast		influencing stability and/or trim and which may be moved transversely but not varied in weight while a boat is racing
	Multihull		A boat with more than one hull
	Open Cock	pit	A cockpit that is not a Contained Cockpit.
	ORC		Offshore Racing Congress (formerly Offshore Racing Council)
	OSR	l	Offshore Special Regulation(s)
	Permanent Installed	IY	The item is effectively built-in by e.g. bolting, welding, glassing etc. and may not be removed for or during racing.
	PLB		Personal Locator Beacon
	Primary		Month & Year of first launch of the first boat of the production series or
	Launch		first launch of a non-series boat
	Proa		Asymmetric Catamaran
	Rode		Rope, chain, or a combination of both, which is used to connect an
			anchor to the boat.
	RRS		ISAF - Racing Rules of Sailing
	Safety Line		A tether used to connect a safety harness to a strong point Search and Rescue
	SART		Search and Rescue Transponder
	Securely		Held strongly in place by a method (e.g. rope lashings, wing-nuts)
	Fastened		which will safely retain the fastened object in severe conditions
			including a 180° capsize and allows for the item to be removed and
			replaced during racing
	SOLAS		Safety of Life at Sea Convention
	SSS Static Balla	ct	The Safety and Stability Screening numeral Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or to
		51	influencing stability and/or trim and which is not moved or varied in
			weight while a boat is racing
	Static Safe	ty	A safety line (usually shorter than a safety line carried with a harness)
	Line		kept clipped on at a work-station
	STIX		ISO 12217-2 Stability Index
	Variable Ba	allast	Water carried for the sole purpose of influencing stability and/or trim and which may be varied in weight and/or moved while a boat is
	Waterline		racing. The water surface when the boat is floating in measurement trim
	World Saili	na	formerly the International Sailing Federation or ISAF
**	1.03.2		vords "shall" and "must" are mandatory, and "should" and "may" are
		permi	
	1.03.3		vord "yacht" shall be taken as fully interchangeable with the word "boat".
			ENERAL REQUIREMENTS
**	2.01	-	gories of Events
ጥጥ		-	nizing Authorities shall select from one of the following categories and modify the OSR to suit local conditions
	2.01.3	-	gory 2
MoMu2		-	of extended duration along or not far removed from shorelines or in
			unprotected bays or lakes, where a high degree of self-sufficiency is
		requir	red of the boats
	2.02		lent Reporting
			Organizing Authority of a race will establish whether any incidents
		occur	red, which if reported would be likely to be relevant to evolving the

		Offshore Special Regulations, the plan review process, or in increasing safety.
		The Organizing Authority will follow any guidelines issued by World Sailing
	2.03	concerning incident reporting. Inspection
**	2100	A boat may be inspected at any time. If she fails to comply with the OSR her
		entry may be rejected or she will be subject to protest
	2.04	General Requirements
**	2.04.1	All equipment required by OSR shall:
**	a) b)	function properly be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced
**	c)	when not in use be stowed in conditions in which deterioration is minimised
**	d)	be readily accessible
**	e)	be of a type, size and capacity suitable and adequate for the intended use and size of the boat.
**	2.04.2	Heavy items shall be permanently installed or securely fastened
SECTION 3 - S	TRUCTURA	L FEATURES, STABILITY, FIXED EQUIPMENT
**		A boat shall be/have:
**	<b>3.01</b>	Strength of Build and Rig
**	3.01.1 3.01.2	Properly rigged, fully seaworthy and shall meet the OSR Equipped with shrouds and at least one forestay that shall remain connected
	5.01.2	to the mast and the boat while racing
	3.02	Watertight Integrity of a Boat
**	3.02.1	Essentially watertight and all openings shall be capable of being immediately
		secured. Centreboard, daggerboard trunks and the like shall not open into the
		interior of a hull except via a watertight maintenance hatch with the opening
	3.03	entirely above the Waterline Hull Construction Standards (Scantlings)
Mo0,1,2	3.03.1	If a monohull with a Primary Launch after 2009
Mo0,1,2	a)	less than 24 m (78'-9") LH shall:
		i) be designed, built and maintained in accordance with the requirements of
	3.03.1a)ii)	ISO 12215 Category A ii) have a World Sailing / ISAF building plan review certificate issued from a
	5.05.1a <i>j</i> ii <i>j</i>	notified body recognized by World Sailing, unless higher classification has
		been obtained from a Classification Society recognised by World Sailing. World
		Sailing will publish a list of waived plan review certificates.
Mo0,1,2	b)	24 m (78'-9") LH and greater shall:
		be designed, built and maintained in accordance with the requirements of a Classification Society recognized by World Sailing
Mo0,1,2	c)	have a Builder's Declaration signed and dated by the builder to confirm the
	-)	boat is built in accordance with the reviewed plans. In cases when a builder
		no longer exists, a race organizer or class rules may accept a signed
		statement by a naval architect or other person familiar with the requirements
Mo0,1,2	d)	of above in lieu of the Builder's Declaration, and have an additional World Sailing/ISAF certificate of building plan review in
1100,1,2	u)	accordance with a) or b) and c) above for any significant repair of modification
		to the hull, deck, coachroof, keel or appendages.
MoMu0,1,2	3.03.2	A monohull with Primary Launch between 1987 and 2010, and all multihulls,
		shall have been designed, built, maintained, modified or repaired in
Mo0,1,2	a)	accordance with the requirements of: OSR 3.03.1, or
Mo0,1,2	b)	the ABS Guide for Building and Classing Offshore Yachts and have on board
,-,-	- /	either an ABS certificate of plan approval, or written statements signed by the
		designer and builder confirming that they have respectively designed and built
M-M-0 1 2	-)	the boat in accordance with the ABS Guide, or
MoMu0,1,2	c)	the EC Recreational Craft Directive for Category A having obtained the CE mark, or
MoMu0,1,2	d)	ISO 12215 Category A, with written statements signed by the designer and
	,	builder confirming that they have respectively designed and built the boat in
		accordance with the ISO standard, and

MoMu0,1,2	e)		in accordance with a), or b) or c) and d) difications to the hull, deck, coach roof,
MoMu0,1,2	f)	that a race organizer or class rules ma c), d) or e) above is not available, the	ay accept, when that described in a), b), e signed statement by a naval architect or rds listed above that the boat fulfils these
	3.04	Stability - Monohulls	
Mo0,1,2	3.04.1	Able to demonstrate compliance with higher, either by EC Recreational Craf the CE mark or the designer's declara	t Directive certification having obtained tion
			2217-2 should be used unless the boat
Mo0,1,2,3	3.04.2	was already designed to a previous ve Where compliance in accordance with demonstrate either:	3.04.1 cannot be demonstrated, able to
Mo0,1,2	a)	i a STIX value not less than 32; and	
Mo0,1,2	ay	•	ut always >= 100°, (where "m" is the trating condition as defined by ISO
Mo0,1,2		iii a minimum righting energy m*AGZ area under the righting lever curve in expressed in kg metre degrees from u	the minimum operating condition,
Extract Mo2	b)	Stability Index in ORC Rating System	
Extract Mo2	c)	IRC SSS Base value of not less than 2	-
	3.06	Exits - Monohulls	
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.1	At least two exits if 8.5 m (28') LH an after 1994. One exit shall be located f where structural features prevent its i	forward of the foremost mast except
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.2	The following minimum clear hatch or	
Mo0,1,2,3,4	a)	a circular hatch with diameter 450 m	
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)		nsion of 380 mm (15") and minimum area
Mo0,1,2,3,4			



**	<b>3.08</b> 3.08.1	Figure 1 - Measurements of Minimum Clear Opening Hatches & Companionways Hatch covers forward of the maximum beam station shall not open toward the interior of the boat, except hatches in the side of a coachroof or ports having an area of less than 0.071 m <sup>2</sup> (110 in <sup>2</sup> )
**	3.08.2	A hatch, including a hatch over a locker shall be:
**	a)	permanently attached and capable of being firmly shut immediately and remaining firmly shut in a 180° capsize
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	above the water when the boat is heeled 90°
Mo0,1,2,3,4		A boat may have a maximum of two hatches on each side of centerline that do not conform to the requirement in b), provided that the opening of each is less than $0.071^2$ m (110 in <sup>2</sup> )
	3.08.3	Hatches not conforming with 3.08.1 and 3.08.2 shall be clearly labelled and used in accordance with the following instruction "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA"
**	3.08.4	Companionway hatches:
**	a)	fitted with a strong securing arrangement which shall be operable from the exterior and interior even when the boat is inverted
**	b)	blocking devices:

** ** **	i ii	capable of being retained in position with the hatch open or shut secured to the boat (e.g. by lanyard) for the duration of the race
Mo0,1,2,3,4	iii 3.08.5	permit exit in the event of inversion if a monohull with Open Cockpit(s):
Mo0,1,2,3,4 Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5 a)	a companionway sill that does not extend below the local sheerline; or
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	a companionway in full compliance with ISO 11812 category A
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.6	if a monohull with Contained Cockpit(s) where the companionway extends
///-/		below the local sheerline, panels capable of blocking the companionway up to
		the level of the local sheerline whilst giving access to the interior.
	3.09	Cockpits
**	3.09.1	Cockpits that self-drain quickly by gravity at all angles of heel and are
steste		permanently incorporated as an integral part of the boat
**	3.09.2	A cockpit sole at least 2% LWL above the waterline (or in IMS boats with First
**	3.09.3	Launch before 2003, at least 2% L above the waterline) A bow, lateral, central or stern well is a cockpit for the purposes of OSR 3.09
**	3.09.3 3.09.4	Cockpit Volume
**	5.05.4	The maximum combined volume below lowest coamings of all contained
		cockpits shall be:
**	b)	primary launch after March 1992 as above for the appropriate category except
		that "lowest coamings" shall not include any aft of the FA station and no
		extension of a cockpit aft of the working deck shall be included in calculation
		of cockpit volume
**	3.09.5	Cockpit Drains
<u>ት</u> ት		Cockpit drain cross section area of unobstructed openings (after allowance for
**	a)	screens if fitted) shall be at least that of: 2 x 25 mm (1") diameter or equivalent for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH
**	b)	$4 \times 20 \text{ mm} (3/4'')$ diameter or equivalent for a boat less than 0.5 m (20) Eff
	3.10	Sea Cocks or Valves
**	3.10.1	Permanently installed sea cocks or valves on all through-hull openings below
		the waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls
	3.11	Sheet Winches
**		Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be
		substantially below deck
	2 4 2	
**	<b>3.12</b>	Mast Step The heat of a keel stopped mast securely fastened to the mast stop or
**	<b>3.12</b> 3.12.1	The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or
**	3.12.1	The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining structure
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** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	3.12.1 <b>3.14</b> 3.14.1 a) b) i ii iii c) d) e) f)	The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining structure <b>Pulpits, Stanchions, Lifelines</b> The perimeter of the deck surrounded by system of lifelines and pulpits as follows: Continuous lifelines fixed only at (or near) the bow and stern. However a gate on each side of a boat is permitted. Except at its end fittings and at gates, the movement of a lifeline in a fore-and-aft direction shall not be constrained. Temporary sleeving shall not modify tension in the lifeline. Minimum heights of lifelines and pulpit rails above the working deck and vertical openings: upper: 600 mm (24") intermediate: 230 mm (9") vertical opening: no greater than 380 mm (15") except that on a boat with a Primary Launch before 1993 where it shall be no greater than 560 mm (22") Lifelines permanently supported at intervals of not more than 2.2 m (7'-2 1/2") and shall not pass outboard of supporting stanchions Pulpit and stanchion bases permanently installed with pulpits and stanchions mechanically retained in their bases The outside of pulpit and stanchion base tubes no further inboard from the edge of the working deck than 5% of maximum beam or 150 mm (6"), whichever is greater, nor further outboard than the edge of the working deck Stanchions straight and vertical except that:
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base by more than 10 mm (3/8") stanchions may be angled to not more than 10° from vertical at any point above 50 mm (2'') from the deck

A bow pulpit may be open provided the opening between the pulpit and any part of the boat does not exceed 360 mm (14")

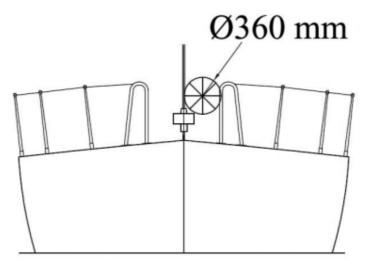


		Figure 2	2 - Diagram Sh	owing Pulpit Opening				
**	h)	Lifelines may terminate at or pass through adequately braced stanchions set						
		inside a	nd overlapping	the bow pulpit				
**	i)	When a	When a deflecting force of 4 kg (8.8 #) is applied to a lifeline at the mid-point					
		of the longest span between supports that are aft of the mast, the def						
			t exceed:					
**	i	50 mm	50 mm (2") for an upper or single lifeline					
**	ii	120 mm	120 mm (4 34") for an intermediate lifeline					
	3.14.3	Spare n						
	3.14.4	Spare n						
	3,14.5	Spare n	umber					
	3.14.6	Lifeline	e Specificatio	ns				
Mo0,1,2,3	3.14.6 a)	Lifelines	s of stranded st	ainless steel wire				
**	3.14.6 b)	The mir	nimum diamete	r is specified in table 8 belo	W			
**	3.14.6 c)			shall be uncoated and use				
	-	sleeving	, however, ten	nporary sleeving may be fit	ted provided it is regularly			
		remove	d for inspectior	1.				
**	3.14.6 d)	A lanya	rd of synthetic	rope may be used to secur	e lifelines provided the gap it			
		closes d	loes not exceed	d 100 mm (4"). This lanyar	d shall be replaced annually			
**	3.14.6 e)	All com	ponents of the	lifeline enclosure system st	nall have a breaking strength			
		no less	than the lifeline	e				
	LH		Wire	HMPE rope (Single	HMPE Core (Braid on			
				braid)	braid)			
	under 8.5n	า (28')	3mm (1/8")	4mm (5/32")	4mm (5/32")			
	8.5m - 13n	n	4mm	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")			
			(5/32")					
	over 13m (	[42'	5mm	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")			
	8")		(3/16")					
	3.17	Toe Ra	il or Foot - St	ор				
Mo0,1,2,3	3.17.1				25 mm (1"), located as close			
		as practicable to the stanchion bases, around the foredeck from abreast the						
		mast						
Mo0,1,2,3	3.17.2	An addi	tional lifeline o	f between 25-50 mm (1-2")	) high is permitted in lieu of a			
			on a boat with	Primary Launch before 198	34.			
	3.18	Toilet						
MoMu0,1,2	3.18.1		ently installed	toilet				
	3.19	Bunks						
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.19.2	Perman	ently installed	bunks				

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MoMu0,1,2,3	<b>3.20</b> 3.20.1	<b>Cooking Facilities</b> Permanently installed cooking stove, capable of being operated safely at sea, with final shuts ff control
	3.21	with fuel shutoff control Drinking Water Tanks & Drinking Water
MoMu2,3	<b>3.21.1</b> 3.21.1	Drinking Water Tanks Permanently installed delivery pump and water tank(s)
MoMu1,2,3	<b>3.21.3</b> 3.21.3	<b>Emergency Drinking Water</b> At least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) of drinking water for emergency use in a dedicated
	3.22	and sealed container or container(s) Hand Holds
**	3.22.1 <b>3.23</b>	Adequate hand holds fitted below deck Bilge Pumps and Buckets
**	3.23.1 a)	two strong buckets, each with a lanyard and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity
Mo0,1,2	3.23.1 b)	two permanently installed manual bilge pumps, one operable from above, the other from below deck
**	3.23.2	All required permanently installed bilge pumps shall be operable with all cockpit seats, hatches and companionways shut and with permanently installed discharge pipe(s) of sufficient capacity
**	3.23.3	Bilge pumps shall not be connected to cockpit drains and shall not discharge into a Closed Cockpit
**	3.23.4	Bilge pumps shall be readily accessible for maintenance and for clearing out debris
**	3.23.5 <b>3.24</b>	All removable bilge pump handles retained by a lanyard Compass
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.24	Marine magnetic compass capable of being used as a steering compass:
MoMu0,1,2,3,4	3.24 a)	Permanently installed marine magnetic steering compass, independent of any power supply, correctly adjusted with deviation card
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.24 b) <b>3.25</b>	a second compass which may be hand-held and/or electronic <b>Halyards.</b>
**	3.25 <b>3.27</b>	A minimum of two halyards, each capable of hoisting a sail, on each mast Navigation Lights
**	3.27.1	mounted above sheerline and so that they will not be masked by sails or the heeling of the boat
**	3.27.2	having light intensity meeting COLREGS. When incandescent bulbs are used the minimum power rating shall be:
**	3.27.2 a)	For LH less than 12 m (39'-4"), 10 W
**	3.27.2 b)	For LH 12 m (39'-4") and greater, 25 W
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.27.3	reserve lights having the same specifications as above, and that can be powered independently
**	3.27.4 <b>3.28</b>	spare bulbs (not required for LED) Engines, Generators, Fuel
	3.28.1	Propulsion Engines
**	3.28.1 a)	engines and associated systems installed in accordance with their manufacturers' guidelines and suitable for the size and intended use of the boat
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.1 b)	an engine which provides a minimum speed in knots of (1.8 x $\sqrt{LWL}$ in metres) or ( $\sqrt{LWL}$ in feet)
Mo0,1,2Mu0 **	3.28.1 c) 3.28.1 d)	inboard engine an inboard engine shall have a permanently installed exhaust, cooling system, fuel supply, fuel tank(s) and shall have adequate heavy weather protection
**	<b>3.28.2</b> 3.28.2	<b>Generator</b> If an optional generator separate from the propulsion engine is carried, it shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines
	3.28.3	Fuel Systems
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.3 a)	All fuel tanks shall be rigid (but may have permanently installed flexible linings) and shall have a shutoff valve
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.3 b)	At the start a boat shall carry sufficient fuel to meet charging requirements for the duration of the race and to motor at the above minimum speed for at least

		8 hours
	3.28.4	Battery Systems
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.4 a)	a dedicated engine starting battery when an electric starter is the only method for starting the engine
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.4 b)	batteries installed after 2011 shall be of the sealed type from which liquid electrolyte cannot escape
	3.29	Communications Equipment, GPS, Radar, AIS
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.01	a marine radio transceiver with an emergency antenna when the regular antenna depends upon the mast
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.02	if the marine radio transceiver is a VHF:
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.02 a)	a minimum rated output power of 25 W
MoMu0,1,2	3.29.02	a masthead antenna not less than 38 cm (15") in length and co-axial feeder
	b)	cable with not more than 40% power loss
MoMu1,2,3	3.29.02 c)	be DSC capable if installed after 2015
MoMu1,2,3	3.29.02	DSC capable VHF transceivers shall be programmed with an assigned MMSI
	d)	(unique to the boat), be connected to a GPS receiver and be capable of making distress alert calls as well as sending and receiving a DSC position report with another DSC equipped station
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.29.05	a hand-held marine VHF transceiver, watertight or with a waterproof cover.
		When not in use to be stowed in a grab bag or emergency container (see OSR 4.21)
**	3.29.06	a second radio receiver, which may be the handheld VHF in 3.29.5 above,
		capable of receiving weather bulletins
Mo0,1,2 Mu1,2	3.29.13	an AIS Transponder which either:
MoMu0,1,2	3.29.13 a)	shares the masthead VHF antenna via a low loss AIS antenna splitter; or
MoMu0,1,2	3.29.13	has a dedicated AIS antenna not less than 38 cm (15") in length mounted with
	b)	its base not less than 3 m (10') above the Waterline and co-axial feeder cable
SECTION 4 - P		with not more than 40% power loss (Loss Estimator)
SECTION 4 - P		A boat shall have:
	4.01	Sail Letters & Numbers
**	4.01.1	Identification on sails which complies with RRS 77 and RRS Appendix G
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.01.2	An alternative means of displaying identification as required under RRS Appendix G for a mainsail, to be displayed when none of the numbered sails are set
	4.02	Search and Rescue Visibility
	4.03	Soft Wood Plugs
**	4.03.1 <b>4.04</b>	A tapered soft wood plug stowed adjacent to every through-hull opening Jackstays and Clipping Points
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04	Permanently Installed fittings for jackstay ends and clipping points
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1	Jackstays which shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1 a)	be independent on each side of the deck
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1 b)	enable a crewmember to move readily between the working areas on deck and the cockpit(s) with the minimum of clipping and unclipping operations
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1 c)	have a breaking strength of 2040 kg (4500#) and be uncoated and non- sleeved stainless steel 1 x 19 wire of minimum diameter 5 mm ( $3/16''$ ), webbing or HMPE rope
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	Clipping points which shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2 a)	be adjacent to stations such as the helm, sheet winches and masts, where crewmembers work
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2 b)	enable a crewmember to clip on before coming on deck and unclip after going below
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2 c)	enable two-thirds of the crew to be simultaneously clipped on without depending on jackstays
**	<b>4.05</b> 4.05.1	Fire Fighting Equipment A fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device with an open flame

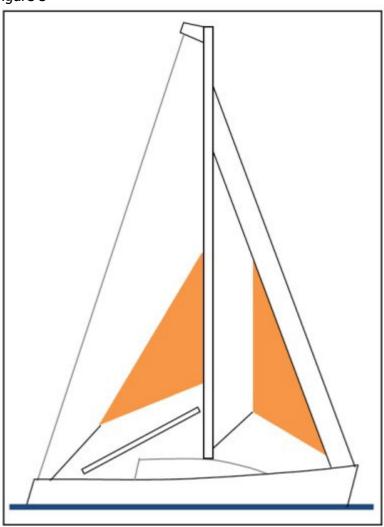
MoMu1,2,3	4.05.2	2 fire extinguishers, each with 2 kg each of dry powder or equivalent, in different parts of the boat			
	4.06	Anchors			
MoMu1,2,3	4.06	un-modified anchors that meet the anchor manufacturer's recommendation ased on the boat's dimensions with suitable combination of chain and rope, eady for immediate assembly, and ready for deployment within 5 minutes xcept that for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH there shall be 1 anchor neeting the same criteria.			
	4.07	Flashlights and Searchlights			
**	4.07	Watertight lights with spare batteries and bulbs as follows:			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.07 a)	a searchlight, suitable for searching for a person overboard at night and for collision avoidance			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.07 b) <b>4.08</b>	a flashlight in addition to 4.07 a) First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit			
**	4.08.1	A First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit. The contents and storage of the First Aid Kit shall reflect the likely conditions and duration of the passage, and the number of crew			
	4.09	Foghorn			
**	4.09.1	A foghorn			
	4.10	Radar Reflector			
**	4.10.1	A passive radar reflector with:			
**	4.10.1 a)	octahedral circular plates of minimum diameter 30 cm (12"), or			
**	4.10.1 b)	octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or			
**	4.10.1 c)	a non-octahedral reflector with a documented Root Mean Square minimum Radar Cross Section (RCS) area of 2 m <sup>2</sup> (22 ft <sup>2</sup> ) from 0-360° of azimuth and $\pm 20^{\circ}$ of heel			
	4.11	Navigation Equipment			
**	4.11.1	Navigational charts (not solely electronic), light list and chart plotting equipment			
	4.12	Safety Equipment Location Chart			
**	4.12.1	A safety equipment location diagram in durable waterproof material, clearly displayed in the main accommodation, marked with the location of principal items of safety equipment			
	4.13	Depth, Speed and Distance Instruments			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.13.1	A knotmeter or distance measuring instrument (log)			
MoMu,1,2,3,4	4.13.2	A depth sounder			
	4.14	Spare Number			
	4.15	Emergency Steering			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.1	An emergency tiller capable of being fitted to the rudder stock except when the principal method of steering is by means of an unbreakable metal tiller			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.2	A proven method of emergency steering with the rudder disabled			
	4.16	Tools and Spare Parts			
**	4.16.1	Tools and spare parts, suitable for the duration and nature of the passage			
**	4.16.2	An effective means to quickly disconnect or sever the standing rigging from the boat			
. de de	4.17	Boat's name			
**	4.17.1	The boat's name on miscellaneous buoyant equipment, such as lifejackets, cushions, lifebuoys, recovery slings, grab bags etc.			
steste	4.18	Retro-reflective material			
**	4.18	Marine grade retro-reflective material on lifebuoys, recovery slings, liferafts and lifejackets			
MaMut 2	<b>4.19</b>	EPIRBS			
MoMu1,2	4.19.1	A water and manually activated 406 MHz EPIRB			
MoMu0,1,2	4.19.2	A 406 MHz EPIRB registered after 2015 shall include an internal GPS			
MoMu0,1,2	4.19.3	All EPIRBs registered with the appropriate authority associated with the country code in the hexadecimal identification (15 Hex ID) of the beacon. A beacon can be registered online with the Cospas-Sarsat IBRD if the country does not provide a registration facility and the country has allowed direct registration in the IBRD			

	4.20	Liferafts						
MoMu1,2	<b>4.20.1</b> 4.20.1 a)		The fart Construction One or more inflatable liferafts with a total capacity to accommodate at le he total number of people on board which complies with:					
MoMu1,2	4.20.1 a) i	SOLAS LSA Code 1997 Chapter IV or later v						
MoMu1,2	4.20.1 a) ii	ISO 9650-1:2005, Type 1, Group A - Small (	Craft - I	nflatabl	e; or			
MoMu1,2	 4.20.1 a) iii	ISAF liferafts manufactured before 2016 unt service life; or	SAF liferafts manufactured before 2016 until replacement is due at end of					
MoMu1,2	4.20.1 a) iv	•	DRC liferafts manufactured before 2003 until replacement is due at end of					
MoMu0,1,2 MuMo2 MoMu1,2	<b>4.20.2</b> a) 4.20.2 c) 4.20.2 d)	Minimum Liferaft Equipment A SOLAS liferaft shall contain as a minimum a SOLAS A pack; An ISO 9650 liferaft shall contain as a minimum Pack 2 (less than 24 hou pack); The minimum contents of the ISO liferaft equipment packs are listed belo Not all items are necessarily packed within the liferaft. Some items are						
		permitted to be carried within an accompanishall be in a readily accessible location:	ying wa	iter proo	i grab ba			
	Equipmen	t	Pack 1 > 24h	Pack 2 < 24h	In liferaft	In liferaft or in grab		
	Portable h	puoyant baler easily operable by hand	1	1	Х	bag		
	Sponge		2	2	Х			
		oyant paddles with handles (not mitts) tied	1	1	Х			
	First-Aid k dressings wet condi	djacent to an entrance (it including at least 2 tubes of sunscreen. All must be capable of being effectively used in tions. The first aid kit shall be clearly marked be re-sealable.	1	0		Х		
	Whistle		1	1	Х			
		of torch with 6 h duration and separate nd bulb or complementary torch	2	1	Х			
	Signalling		1	1	Х			
		ckness pills, per person	6	6		X X		
	per perso	ss bag with simple effective closure system, n flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA Code	1 6	1 3	3 min	x		
	Chapter II	II, 3.2						
		hute flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA pter III, 3.1	2	2	1 min	Х		
	-	protective aids in accordance with SOLAS LSA	2	0		Х		
	Code Chapter III, 2.5 Repair outfit to enable survivors to repair leaks in any or all of the inflatable compartments. Repair systems must work when wet and be capable of being applied				Х			
	Air pump complete, shall be ca instant us of the infl bellows sh easy oper	Interview of the second	1	1	X	Va		
	more thar	vater per person, in containers of each not n 500mL	1.5 L	U	0.5 L	Ха		

	Food per	person	10 000 kJ	0	Х			
	* Drinking water in the grab bag (if any) may be replaced with a desalinator device							
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)	Portable buoyant bailer easily operable by h	nand					
MoMu1,2 MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)ii 4.20.2 d)iii	2 sponges Pair of buoyant paddles with handles (not r entrance	nitts) tie	d into rat	ft adjacent to an			
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)iv	Whistle						
MoMu2 MoMu2	4.20.2 d)v 4.20.2 d)vi	Waterproof torch with 6 h duration and Spare waterproof torch or spare battery and	Waterproof torch with 6 h duration and Spare waterproof torch or spare battery and bulb					
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)vii	Signalling mirror						
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)viii	6 anti-seasickness pills per person *						
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)ix	Seasickness bag per person, each with a sir	mple, eff	ective, c	losure system *			
MoMu2	4.20.2 d)x	3 hand flares in accordance with SOLAS LS		•	-			
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)xi	2 red parachute flares in accordance with S may be stowed in the grab bag.						
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)xii	Kit to repair leaks in most inflatable compar and during violent motion	rtments,	operable	in wet conditions			
MoMu1,2	4.20.2 d)xiii	Hand operable air pump, capable of and rea most compartments. Loose parts captive to	the pun		e use to inflate			
MoMu1,2	4.20.3	* may be packed in grab bag instead of life Liferaft Packing and Stowage	eraft					
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 a)	Each liferaft shall be packed either in:-						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 a) i	a rigid container securely stowed on the wo open space; or:-	5		·			
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 a) ii	a rigid container or valise securely stowed i containing liferaft and abandon ship equipn accessible and opens onto the cockpit or v	nent only	y which	is readily			
MoMu1,2	4.20.3 b)	In a boat with primary launch before June 2 valise not exceeding 40 kg securely stowed companionway	•					
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 c)	On a multihull or on a monohull with movea readily deployable whether or not the boat			feraft shall be			
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 d)	The end of each liferaft painter should be s						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 e)	Each raft shall be capable of being got to the seconds	ne lifeline	es or laur	1ched within 15			
	4.20.4	Spare Number						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	Liferaft Servicing						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a)	A liferaft shall be serviced at a manufacture following maximum intervals:	er author	ized serv	ice station at the			
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) i	SOLAS liferafts annually						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) ii	ISO 9650 canister packed liferafts every 3 y						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) iii	ISO 9650 valise packed liferafts every 3 yea be serviced annually	ars exce	ot that hi	red liferafts shall			
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) iv	ISAF liferafts annually						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) v	ORC liferafts annually						
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 b)	Servicing certificates (original or a copy) on	board					

**	<b>4.21</b> 4.21 f)	<b>Grab Bags</b> If a grab bag is provided it shall have inherent flotation, at least 0.1 m <sup>2</sup> (1 ft <sup>2</sup> ) area of fluorescent orange colour on the outside, shall be marked with the name of the boat, and shall have a lanyard and clip
-	4.22	Crew Overboard Identification and Recovery
	4.22.1	Locator Beacons
MoMu0,1,2 MoMu0,1,2	4.22.1 b) 4.22.1d)	An AIS personal crew overboard beacon for each crew member Where possible every PLB shall be registered with the appropriate authority associated with the country code in the hexadecimal identification (15 Hex ID) of the beacon. A beacon can be registered online with the Cospas-Sarsat IBRD if the country does not provide a registration facility and the country has allowed direct registration in the IBRD.
	4.22.2	GPS Crew Overboard Position
MoMu1,2	4.22.2 c)	A GPS capable of recording a crew overboard position, within 10 seconds, and
		monitoring that position
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.3	a lifebuoy with a self-igniting light, a whistle and a drogue
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.4	In addition to 4.22.3 above, within reach of the helmsman and ready for
MaMuO 1 D		immediate use, a second lifebuoy equipped with:
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.4 a)	a whistle, a drogue, a self-igniting light and
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.4 b)	a pole and flag. The pole shall be either permanently extended or be capable of being fully automatically extended
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.5	At least one lifebuoy shall depend entirely on permanent buoyancy (e.g. foam)
**	4.22.6	Each inflatable lifebuoy and any automatic device shall be tested and serviced at intervals in accordance with its manufacturer's instructions
**	4.22.7	A heaving line, no less than 6 mm (1/4")diameter, 15 - 25 m (50 - 75') long, readily accessible to cockpit
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8	A recovery sling which includes a:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8 a)	buoyant line of length no less than the shorter of 4 times LH or 36m (120')
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8 b)	buoyancy section (horseshoe) with no less than 90 N (20#) buoyancy
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.9 c)	minimum strength capable to hoist a crewmember aboard
/ / /-	4.23	Pyrotechnic and Light Signals
**	4.23.1	Pyrotechnic signals shall be provided conforming to SOLAS LSA Code Chapter
		III Visual Signals and not older than the stamped expiry date (if any) or if no
		expiry date stamped , not older than 4 years.
	Race Cate MoMu0,1, MoMu4	
	4.24	Spare Number
	4.25	Cockpit Knife
**	4.25.1	A strong, sharp knife, sheathed and securely restrained shall be provided
		readily accessible from the deck or a cockpit.

# Storm & Heavy Weather Sails Design Figure 3 4.26 4.26.1



MoMu1,2		
**	4.26.1 a)	The material of the body of a storm sail purchased after 2013 shall have a highly-visible colour (e.g. dayglo pink, orange or yellow)
**	4.26.1 b)	Aromatic polyamides, carbon and similar fibres shall not be used in a trysail or storm jib but HMPE and similar materials are permitted
**	4.26.1 c)	Sheeting positions on deck for each storm and heavy-weather sail
**	4.26.1 d)	Sheeting positions for the trysail independent of the boom
**	/	5 5
	4.26.2	Sail Areas
**	4.26.2	The maximum area of storm sails shall be lesser of the areas below or as specified by the boat designer or sailmaker
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.26.2 a)	A heavy-weather jib (or heavy-weather sail in a boat with no forestay) with:
**	4.26.2 a) i	area of 13.5% height of the foretriangle (IG) squared
**	4.26.2 a) ii	readily available means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b)	A storm jib with:
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b) i	area of 5% height of the foretriangle (IG) squared
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b) ii	maximum luff length 65% of IG
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b) iii	permanently attached means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
**	4.26.2 c)	For sails made after 2011: Storm and heavy weather jib areas calculated as: $(0.255 \text{ x luff length x (luff perpendicular } + 2 \text{ x half width)})$

MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2	A storm trysail (or rotating wing mast if suitable) with:
MoMu0,1,2	<b>d)</b> 4.26.2 d)	area of 17.5% mainsail hoist (P) x mainsail foot length (E)
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) ii	For sails made after 2011:The storm trysail are calculated as (0.5 x leech length x shortest distance between tack point and leech)
MoMu0,1,2	" 4.26.2 d) iii	no headboard
MoMu0,1,2	 4.26.2 d) iv	no battens
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) v	sail number and letters on both sides, as large as practicable
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) vi 4.28 <b>4.29</b>	in the case of a boat with an in-mast furling mainsail, the storm trysail shall be capable of being set while the mainsail is furled Spare Number Deck Bags SECTION 5 - PERSONAL EQUIPMENT
**		Each crew member shall have:
**	5.01	Lifejacket
**	5.01.1 5.01.1 a)	A lifejacket which shall:
**	5.01.1 a) 5.01.1	if manufactured before 2012 comply with ISO 12402 - 3 (Level 150) or
**	a)i) 5.01.1	equivalent, including EN 396 or UL 1180 and: if inflatable have a gas inflation system
**	a)i) 5.01.1	have crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
MoMu0,1,2	a)i) 5.01.1 a)i)	have an integral safety harness in compliance with OSR 5.02
**	5.01.1 a) ii	if manufactured after 2011 comply with ISO 12402-3 (Level 150) and be fitted with a whistle, lifting loop, reflective material automatic/manual gas inflation system
**	5.01.1 a) ii	crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
MoMu0,1,2	5.01.1 a) ii	an integral safety harness in compliance with OSR 5.02
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.1 b)	have an emergency position indicating light in accordance with either ISO 12402-8 or SOLAS LSA code 2.2.3
**	5.01.1 c)	be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.1 d)	have a sprayhood in accordance with ISO 12402-8
MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2	5.01.2 5.01.3	A boat shall carry at least one gas inflatable lifejacket spare cylinder and, if appropriate, spare activation head for each type of lifejacket on board. A boat shall carry at least one spare lifejacket as required in OSR 5.01.1, (a
	510115	spare PLB described in 5.01.1(e) is not required)
**	5.01.4	The person in charge shall personally check each lifejacket at least once annually.
	5.02	Safety Harness and Tethers
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.1	A harness that complies with ISO 12401 or equivalent
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	A tether that shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2 a) 5.02.2 b)	comply with ISO 12401 or equivalent not exceed 2 m (6'-6") including the length of the hooks
MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2 d)	have self-closing hooks
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2 d)	have overload indicator flag embedded in the stitching
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.1 e)	be manufactured after 2000
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.3	All of the crew shall have either:
MoMu0,1,2,3	a)	a tether not exceeding 1m(3'3") including the length of the hooks, or
MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3	b) 5.02.4	an intermediate self-closing hook on a 2 m (6'-6") tether A tether which has been overloaded shall be replaced

	5.07	Survival Equipment
	5.08	Diving Equipment
		SECTION 6 - TRAINING
MoMu0,1,2	6.01.2	At least 30% but not fewer than two members of a crew, including the Person
		in Charge shall have undertaken training within the five years before the start
		of the race in OSR 6.02 Training Topics
MoMu0,1,2	6.01.4	Except as otherwise provided in the Notice of Race, an in-date certificate
		gained at a World Sailing / ISAF Approved Offshore Personal Survival Training
		course shall be accepted by a race organizing authority as evidence of
		compliance with Special Regulation 6.01. See Appendix G - Model Training
		Course, for further details.
	6.02	Training Topics
	6.02.1	Giving Assistance to Other Craft
	6.02.2	Personal Safety Gear, theory and practice
	6.02.3	Care and Maintenance of Safety Gear
	6.02.4	Fire Precautions and Firefighting, theory and practical
	6.02.5	Crew Overboard Identification and Recovery
	6.02.6	Hypothermia, Cold Shock and Drowning
	6.02.7	Crew Health
	6.02.8	Marine Weather
	6.02.9	Heavy Weather
	6.02.10	Storm Sails
	6.02.11	Damage Control
	6.02.12	Search and Rescue Organization
	6.02.13	Pyrotechnics and Signalling Gear, theory and practical
	6.02.14	Emergency Communications, theory and practical
	6.02.15	Liferafts and Abandon Ship, theory and practical
	6.03	Spare Number
**	<b>6.04</b>	Routine Training On-Board
**	6.04 6.04	At least annually the crews shall practice the drills for:
**	6.04 6.04	Crew-Overboard Recovery Abandonment of vessel
	6.04 6.05	Medical Training
MoMu2	6.05.2	At least one crewmember shall have a valid first aid certificate completed
MOMUZ	0.05.2	within the last five years meeting:
MoMu0,1,2	6.05.2 a)	A certificate listed on the World Sailing website www.sailing.org/specialregs of
1101100,1,2	0.05.2 d)	MNA recognised courses
MoMu0,1,2	6.05.2 b)	STCW First Aid Training complying with A-VI/1-3 - Elementary First Aid or
11011007172	010012 0)	higher STCW level
	6.06	Diving Training
		APPENDICES TO SPECIAL REGULATIONS
		Appendix A - Moveable and Variable Ballast
		Appendix B - For Inshore Racing
		Appendix C - For Inshore Dinghy Racing
		Appendix D - A guide to ISO and other Standards
		Appendix E - World Sailing Code for the organisation of Oceanic
		Races
_		Appendix F - Standard Inspection Card
		Appendix G - Model Training Course
		Appendix H - Model First Aid Training Course
		Appendix J - Hypothermia
		Appendix K - Drogues and sea anchors